



Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks : **70**

Instructions :

- (1) This question paper contains three questions. All are compulsory.
- (2) Draw neat and labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate marks

1 Multiple Choice Questions : 20

- (1) In line method of searching the crime scene divide into
 - (A) Sector
 - (B) Strip
 - (C) Zone
 - (D) Grid
- (2) Crime scene notes includes
 - (A) Location of physical evidence recovered
 - (B) Time of discovered and by whom
 - (C) How and by whom it packaged and marked
 - (D) All of the above
- (3) From the below mentioned crimes, which can be defined as Cyber Crime?
 - (A) E-mail Bombing
 - (B) Cyber Terrorism
 - (C) Web Jacking
 - (D) All of the above

- (4) When stains as an evidence obtained on large garments and clothes, _____ method is used as collection method.
- (A) Vacuumed method
 - (B) Cutting
 - (C) Scrapping
 - (D) Combing
- (5) MD5 value is combination of how many letters and numbers?
- (A) 36
 - (B) 35
 - (C) 32
 - (D) 38
- (6) Oxygen Forensic Suite is used for examination of...
- (A) Laptop
 - (B) Computer
 - (C) Mobile / Smartphones
 - (D) I-Pods
- (7) _____ use for packing of liquid blood.
- (A) Vial
 - (B) Container
 - (C) Paper bags
 - (D) All of the above
- (8) _____ is mostly used for the sketching of indoor crime scene.
- (A) Polar method
 - (B) Triangle method
 - (C) Base line Co-ordinate method
 - (D) All of the above

- (9) Which operating system is not available in any of the mobile phone till now?
- (A) Java (B) Android
(C) Windows (D) Linux
- (10) Belief of "No world", "He does not exist" and "Body is dead" are _____
- (A) Delusion of poverty
(B) Delusion of persecution
(C) Nihilistic delusion
(D) Delusion of grandeur
- (11) Rigor mortis starts after death in about _____
- (A) 3-6 hours
(B) 2-3 hours
(C) 4-8 hours
(D) 12-24 hours
- (12) Modus operandi means _____.
(A) Mode of relaxing at the crime scene
(B) Mode of committing the crime
(C) Operation of the victim
(D) None of the above
- (13) Voluntary homicide means
- (A) Unlawful killing with no prior malice
(B) Unintentional homicide caused by criminal negligence,
(C) killing order authorisation of law,
(D) Intentional homicide caused by adequate provocation.

- (14) Which drug is used in Narco-analysis?
- (A) Sodium Pentothal
 - (B) Ammonium nitrate
 - (C) Calcium carbonate
 - (D) Amphetamines
- (15) Which death is non-criminal death?
- (A) Menslaughter
 - (B) Justifiable homicide
 - (C) Homicide
 - (D) Murder
- (16) The stiffening of muscles soon after death without relaxation of muscles is called as _____.
- (A) Rigor mortis
 - (B) Livor mortis
 - (C) Cadaveric spasm
 - (D) Saponification
- (17) Which is the immediate sign of death?
- (A) Cooling of body
 - (B) Putrefaction
 - (C) Livor mortis
 - (D) Syncope
- (18) Algor mortis is _____
- (A) Increase in live body temperature
 - (B) Decrease in live body temperature
 - (C) Increase in dead body temperature
 - (D) Decrease in dead body temperature
- (19) In which area of explosion scene, you can collect maximum physical evidence?
- (A) Focal point of explosion
 - (B) External area
 - (C) Internal area
 - (D) Outside of scene

(20) A person feeling that he is influenced by supernatural powers is _____

- (A) Delusion of influence
- (B) Delusion of reference
- (C) Delusion of guilt
- (D) Eratomania

2 Give the answers of following questions as per instruction :

(a) Write any **three** out of six : **6**

- (1) Explain natural cause of death.
- (2) Explain the collection of physical evidences from explosion site.
- (3) Define Crime Rate
- (4) Which changes occur into eye and skin after death?
- (5) Write a note on mummification.
- (6) What questions are answered through crime scene search?

(b) Write any **three** out of six : **9**

- (1) Give the testing procedure of Polygraph.
- (2) Give the description of Criminal Responsibility.
- (3) Why preservation and packing of evidence is necessary? Give any six example of evidence with its preservation method.
- (4) Give the classification of death.
- (5) Explain adipocere formation/Explain seponification.
- (6) Which types of evidences are available at explosion scene of crime?

(c) Write any **two** out of five : **10**

- (1) Explain the method of sketching.
- (2) Explain: - Abrasion mechanical injury
- (3) How bombs are disposed? Give classification of explosives.
- (4) Write a note on "Hallucination".
- (5) After tracing a website, www.nist.gov, I came to know that this domain name is associated with the IP address 129.6.13.45. So now, how will I trace this IP address?

3 Give the answers of following questions as per instruction :

(a) Write any **three** out of six : **6**

- (1) What is Cyber Crime? Give names of 4-5 different Cyber-Crimes occurring now-a-days.
- (2) Write about Psychosis and Neurosis.
- (3) Write a note on physical evidence.
- (4) Enlist a few items stored on the mobile phone.
- (5) Explain cadaveric spasm.
- (6) Which measurements are recorded in a lie-detector?

(b) Write any **three** out of six : **9**

- (1) What is Impulse? Give its examples.
- (2) Give some details about SIM card.
- (3) Explain Pass ware Password Forensic Recovery Software.
- (4) Briefly describe the documenting of crime scene.
- (5) Explain the first early sign of cellular death.
- (6) What is the scientific base of BEOSP?

(c) Write any **two** out of five. **10**

- (1) Write a note on collection technique of evidence.
 - (2) Explain : Livor mortis/Explain post mortem staining.
 - (3) Describe the range of shooting through smooth bore fire arm injuries.
 - (4) Write a note on "Lie detection test".
 - (5) Focus on challenges to Cyber-crime department.
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